Copied from the book: "Aloe Isn't a Medicine and Yet... It Cures" Page 63:

With a knife, open an aloe leaf longitudinally (use one half as noted below and save the other half) and, without removing the skin, apply the internal part of the leaf - the gelatinous part - over the spot where the abscess has formed. Make sure the inside of the leaf is in direct contact with the inflamed area. Attach this piece of Aloe to an adhesive bandage and tap the area repeatedly. You will experience a pricking sensation as if by a needle. Congratulations on a job well done. It is the Aloe that is removing the pus from the ailing organic tissue. After a few hours, maybe three or four, it will explode. When you notice that it starts to ooze out, do a careful job of picking up that mixture of pus and bad blood. Once the medication is complete, use the other half of the leaf that you had put aside, repeating the treatment. Within 24 hours, the area will be regenerated, leaving it practically scar-free. Observe your skin. It's tender, red, healthy and free of the least bit of pain.

Page 73:

Regarding oral and genital aphtha, the problem is easily resolved with topical applications. Apply small pieces of the leaf (the gelatinous part) right on the affected area. If you do this application before going to sleep, the condition will be corrected by morning.

Page 90:

Dandruff: Scales of greasy keratotic material shed from the scalp.

Remedy: Aloe does an excellent job of fighting dandruff. It is sufficient to turn to topical applications. Therefore, grind Aloe leaves and apply the pulp-like substance over the scalp, massaging the area. Such treatment must be repeated indefinitely.

Page 92:

Dealing with the more serious cases such as seborrheic dermatitis. Combine the oral preparation with the topical application of the Aloe leaf.

Page 123:

Stings (scorpion, spider, cobra, insects: bee, gnat, fly, etc.): The acute burning sensation caused by pricking, striking, or chemically stimulating the skin or a mucous membrane. Remedy: Immediately apply a topical application of the internal (gelatinous) part of the Aloe leaf over the cutaneous lesions caused by the insect. Bandage it and leave it there from 40 minutes to one hour.